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? show files;ds
File 484:Periodical Abs Plustext 1986-2004/Apr W4
         (c) 2004 ProQuest
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         (c) 2004 ProQuest Info&Learning
File 494:St LouisPost-Dispatch 1988-2004/May 02
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File 608:KR/T Bus.News. 1992-2004/May 03
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File 621: Gale Group New Prod. Annou. (R) 1985-2004/Apr 30
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 File 637: Journal of Commerce 1986-2004/May 03
          (c) 2004 Commonwealth Bus. Media
 File 649: Gale Group Newswire ASAP(TM) 2004/Apr 30
          (c) 2004 The Gale Group
 File 654:US Pat.Full. 1976-2004/Apr 29
          (c) Format only 2004 The Dialog Corp.
 File 707: The Seattle Times 1989-2004/May 02
           (c) 2004 Seattle Times
 File 710: Times/Sun. Times(London) Jun 1988-2004/May 01
           (c) 2004 Times Newspapers
 File 727: Canadian Newspapers 1990-2004/Apr 28
           (c) 2004 Southam Inc.
 File 728:Asia/Pac News 1994-2004/Apr W4
           (c) 2004 Dialog Corporation
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File 781:ProQuest Newsstand 1998-2004/May 03
         (c) 2004 ProQuest Info&Learning
File 813:PR Newswire 1987-1999/Apr 30
         (c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc
                Description
Set
        Items
                (VOLATILITY OR VOL) (1W) (CONTRACT? ? OR AGREEMENT? ? OR SWA-
          299
S1
            P?)
                S1 AND (SETTLEMENT) (1W) (EQUATION? OR FORMULA?)
           0
S2
                S1 AND (EQUATION? OR FORMULA?)
S3
           15
                RD (unique items)
          15
? t4/3, k/all
4/3, K/1
             (Item 1 from file: 484)
DIALOG(R) File 484: Periodical Abs Plustext
(c) 2004 ProQuest. All rts. reserv.
             SUPPLIER NUMBER: 84469882 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)
The severity of contract enforcement in interfirm channel relationships
Antia, Kersi D; Frazier, Gary L
Journal of Marketing (JMK), v65 n4, p67-81, p.15
Oct 2001
 ISSN: 0022-2429
                        JOURNAL CODE: JMK
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Feature
LANGUAGE: English
                               RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract
WORD COUNT: 10232
TEXT:
        H3: The greater the principal's TSIs, the stronger is the positive
relationship between environmental volatility and contract enforcement.
     Obligation criticality is the importance attached by the principal to
the contractual obligation violated...or for H3, which focuses on the
moderator effect of TSIs on the connection between volatility and
contract enforcement (b = -.02). H4 is strongly supported (b = .43, p <</pre>
.01), indicating that when a...Journal of Marketing, 58 (October), 1-16.
     Bagozzi, Richard (1988), "On the Evaluation of Structural Equation
Models," Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science, 16 (Spring), 74-95.
     Ben-Porath, Yoram...
... John Wiley & Sons.
     Bollen, Kenneth and Richard Lennox (1991), "Conventional Wisdom on
Measurement: A Structural Equation Perspective, " Psychological Bulletin,
110 (September), 305-14.
     Brass, Daniel and Marlene Burkhardt (1993), "Potential Power...Fall),
68-79.
     Freidrich, R.J. (1982), "In Defense of Multiplicative Terms in
Multiple Regression Equations ," American Journal of Political Science, 26
(November), 797-833.
     Friedkin, Noah (1984), "Structural Cohesion and...
             (Item 2 from file: 484)
 4/3, K/2
DIALOG(R) File 484: Periodical Abs Plustext
(c) 2004 ProQuest. All rts. reserv.
          (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)
03845613
Comment on Alligators in the swamp: The impact of derivatives on the
  financial performance of depository institutions
Saunders, Anthony
Journal of Money, Credit & Banking (JMB), v28 n3 (Part 2), p498-501
```

Aug 1996

ISSN: 0022-2879 JOURNAL CODE: JMB

DOCUMENT TYPE: Commentary

LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract

WORD COUNT: 1206 LENGTH: Long (31+ col inches)

TEXT:

... book ratios, liquidity ratios etc.) the authors find a negative relationship between S&Ls' equity **volatility** and **swap** activity, CD rates and swap activity, and a positive relationship between mortgage asset growth and...

...appears to be common in many papers of this type. However, I was concerned abut **equation** (6) which wants to test the link between the risk premium of CDs and derivative...

4/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 484)

DIALOG(R) File 484: Periodical Abs Plustext (c) 2004 ProQuest. All rts. reserv.

01918495 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Determinants of long-term orientation in buyer-seller relationships

Ganesan, Shankar

Journal of Marketing (JMK), v58 n2, p1-19, p.19

Apr 1994

ISSN: 0022-2429 JOURNAL CODE: JMK

DOCUMENT TYPE: Feature

LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract

WORD COUNT: 13350 LENGTH: Long (31+ col inches)

TEXT:

... and future outcomes in specific markets (Klein, Frazier, and Roth 1990). Under conditions of high **volatility**, writing **contracts** that cover all unanticipated contingencies is difficult and costly. In such circumstances, vendors can take...

...firm facing such a wide variety of market segments would have difficulty obtaining information and **formulating** effective strategic programs for each element of the market. Such diversity within a market will...Channels of Distribution," Journal of Marketing, 48 (Summer), 9-29.

Hayduk, Leslie A. (1987), Structural **Equation** Modeling with LISREL: Essential and Advances. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins University Press. Heide, Jan B. and...

4/3,K/4 (Item 1 from file: 485)

DIALOG(R) File 485: Accounting & Tax DB

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** FULL-TEXT AVAILABLE IN FORMATS 7 AND 9 **

00939749 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 331226311

In flux - II Magazine Platinum

Knox, Lewis

Institutional Investor PP: 115-116 Mar 1 2003

ISSN: 0020-3580 JRNL CODE: IL WORD COUNT: 1505 LINE COUNT: 137

Accounting & Tax DB 1971-2004/Apr W3

...TEXT: for volatility built into an options price, which can be calculated using an options pricing formula such as Black-Scholes.)

When implied volatilities shot up during the late July 2002 stock...

...that they needed an easier, more reliable way to trade volatility. They began by trading **volatility swaps**, but in just a few years, the variance swap outstripped the older instrument.

"Variance swaps are more popular than **volatility** swaps because dealers are able to hedge variance swaps with a high degree of precision and...

4/3,K/5 (Item 2 from file: 485)

DIALOG(R) File 485: Accounting & Tax DB

(c) 2004 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

** FULL-TEXT AVAILABLE IN FORMATS 7 AND 9 **

00777657 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 57955303

Estimating and pricing credit risk: An overview

Kao, Duen-Li

Financial Analysts Journal v56 n4 PP: 50-66 Jul/Aug 2000

ISSN: 0015-198X JRNL CODE: FIA

WORD COUNT: 9123 LINE COUNT: 829

Accounting & Tax DB 1971-2004/Apr W3

...TEXT: have positive relationships with changes in the Treasury curve slope, interest rate option volatility (3m- Vol), and swap spreads. They are negatively correlated with changes in LIBOR, interest rate levels, and equity returns...Ederington 1985; Rodriguez 1988; Kau, Keenan, Muller, and Epperson 1986). The simple relationship presented in Equations 1 and 2 serves as a useful foundation for the complex risk-pricing models developed

...and bond markets. For example, following the relationship of credit risk and spread depicted in **Equation** 2, one can simply estimate default probabilities by assuming a recovery rate and a credit...the model applies default and recovery estimates to the risk-neutrality relationship as stated in **Equation** 1. (Note ...market price/spread information or a credit rating.) Obviously, the discounted risk-free rate in **Equation** 1 can be relaxed to be stochastic via a standard interest rate process. Kao (1996...

4/3,K/6 (Item 1 from file: 553)

DIALOG(R) File 553: Wilson Bus. Abs. FullText (c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co. All rts. reserv.

04067374 H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BWBA99067374 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

A guide to volatility and variance swaps.

Demeterfi, Kresimir

Derman, Emanuel; Kamal, Michael

Journal of Derivatives v. 6 no4 (Summer 1999) p. 9-32

LANGUAGE: English WORD COUNT: 13193

(USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

ABSTRACT: The properties and the theory of both variance and **volatility swaps** , which are instruments that provide an easy way for investors to gain exposure to the...

...fair value of the variance swap is the cost of the replicating portfolio. An analytical **formula** for theoretical fair value in the presence of realistic volatility skews is devised and tested.

TEXT.

Volatility swaps are forward contracts on future realized stock volatility. Variance swaps are similar contracts on variance, the square of future volatility. Both these instruments provide an...

...businesses.

In this report we explain the properties and the theory of both variance and **volatility swaps**, first from an intuitive point of view and then more rigorously. The theory of variance...

...of the variance swap is the cost of the replicating portfolio.

We derive an analytic **formula** for theoretical fair value in the presence of realistic volatility skews. This **formula** can be used to estimate swap values quickly as the skew changes.

We then examine...

...necessary strikes are unavailable, or when stock prices undergo jumps. Finally, we point out that **volatility swaps** can be replicated by dynamically trading the more straightforward variance swap. As a result, the value of the **volatility swap** depends on the volatility of volatility itself.

Astock's volatility is the simplest measure of...

...where the subscript R denotes the observed or "realized" volatility. This note is concerned with **volatility** swaps and other instruments suitable for trading volatility.

Why trade volatility? Just as stock investors think...

... Nevertheless, imperfect as they are, until recently options were the only volatility vehicle available.

I. VOLATILITY SWAPS

The easy way to trade volatility is to use volatility swaps , sometimes called realized volatility forward contracts, because they provide pure exposure to volatility (and only to volatility).(FN1)

A stock **volatility swap** is a forward contract on annualized volatility. Its payoff at expiration is equal to $N\dots$

...notional amount of the swap in dollars per annualized volatility point.

The holder of a **volatility swap** at expiration receives N dollars for every point by which the stock's realized volatility...

...after large downward moves in the market. Given these tendencies, there are several uses for **volatility** swaps .

Directional Trading of Volatility Levels. Clients who want to speculate on the future levels of...

...and Implied Volatility Levels. As we show later, the fair delivery price Kvol of a **volatility swap** is a value close to the level ...on the theory and properties of variance swaps, which provide similar volatility exposure to straight **volatility swaps**. Because of its fundamental role, variance can serve as the basic building block for constructing...

...option of strike K and expiration T, whose value is given by the Black-Scholes formula CBS(S, K, s[square root]t), where S is the current stock price, s...

...to the time sensitivity or time decay of the option, because, in the Black-Scholes formula with zero interest rate, options values depend on the total variance s2t.

If you want...portfolio will provide an additional contribution to V proportional to that strike. This follows from **Equation** (3), and you can observe it in the increasing height of the V-peaks in...

... S^* - log(S / S^*) + t / T s2 (9) The first term in the payoff in **Equation** (9), (S - S^*)/ S^* , describes 1/ S^* forward contracts on the stock with delivery price...

...on the position, hedged to expiration, will be Payoff = (s2R - s2I) (10)

Looking back at **Equation** (2), you will see that by rehedging the position in log contracts, you have, in...

...of options whose variance vega is independent of the stock price S is given by **Equation** (9). Only the log() term in **Equation** (9) needs continual dynamic rehedging. Therefore, let us concentrate on the log contract term alone the portfolio in **Equation** (11) is

V = (T - t / T) (12)

The exposure to variance is equal to 1...

 \ldots is a smoother function of S than the sharply peaked gamma of a single option.

Equations (13) and (14) can be combined to show that j + 1 / 2 GS2s2 = 0 (15)

Equation (15) is the essence of the Black-Scholes option pricing theory. It states that the...

...the contract has zero present value:

Kvar = E V (19)

If the future volatility in **Equation** (16) is specified, then one approach for calculating the fair price of variance is to...variance along each simulated path consistent with the risk-neutral stock price evolution given in **Equation** (16), where the drift m is set equal to the riskless rate.

This approach is...

...to log St, we find

 $d(\log St) = (m - 1 / 2s2)dt + sdZt (21)$

Subtracting **Equation** (21) from **Equation** (16), we obtain dst / st - d(log st) = 1 / 2s2dt (22)

in which all dependence on the drift m has canceled. Integrating $\bf Equation$ (22) over all times from 0 to $\bf T$, we obtain the continuously sampled variance

٧...

...inception to expiration at time T.

Note that no expectations or averages have been taken. **Equation** (23) guarantees that variance can be captured no matter which path the stock price takes, as long as it moves continuously.

Equation (23) provides another method for calculating the fair variance. Instead of averaging over future variances, as in Equation (20), one can take the expected risk-neutral value of the right-hand side of Equation (23) to obtain the cost of replication directly, so that

Kvar = 2 / T E [integral]OT dSt / St - log ST / SO (24)
The expected value of the first term in Equation (24) accounts for
the cost of rebalancing. In a risk-neutral world with a constant...

...of the hedging strategy is given by
 E [integral]OT dSt / St = rT (26)

This equation represents the fact that a share position, continuously rebalanced to be worth \$1, has a...

...riskless rate.

As there are no actively traded log contracts for the second term in **Equation** (24), one must duplicate the log payoff, at all stock price levels at expiration, by...

...dK + (put options)

* A short...

...related to the initial fair value of each term on the right-hand side of **Equation** (24). By using the identities in **Equations** (26) and (28), we obtain

Kvar = 2 / T(rT - (SO / S*(erT) - 1) - log(S...

...from a theoretical point of view, and makes fewer assumptions than our initial intuitive treatment. **Equation** (29) makes precise the intuitive notion that implied volatilities can be regarded as the market...

...realized volatility, even when there is an implied volatility skew, and the simple Black-Scholes formula is invalid.

V. EXAMPLE OF A VARIANCE SWAP Suppose you want to price ...options of all strikes between zero and infinity, the fair variance would be given by **Equation** (29) with some choice of S^* , say, $S^* = S0$. In practice, however, only a small set of discrete option strikes are available, and using **Equation** (29) with only a few strikes leads to appreciable errors. Here we suggest a better approximation.

We start with the definition of fair variance given by **Equation** (24), which can be written as

Kvar [triple bond] 2 / T E [integral]OT dSt...

...strikes Kip such that $K0 = S^* > Kp > K2p > K3p > \dots >$. In Appendix A we derive the **formula** that determines how many options of each strike you need in order to approximate the...

...little to the total cost.

The cost of capturing variance is now simply calculated using **Equation** (30) with the result Kvar = (20.467)(FN2). This is not strictly the fair variance...

...simple, yet realistic form. We compare the numerically correct value of fair variance, computed from **Equation** (29), with an approximate analytic **formula** that we derive. This **formula** provides a good rule of thumb for a quick estimate of the impact of the...

...exposure of a put option, given by p = -N(-d1), where d1 is defined in **Equation** (4), S0 is the implied volatility of a "50-delta" put option, and b is...

...ten volatility points.

Note that there is an implicit dependence on time to expiration in **Equation** (33), because of the p term. Since p is bounded, the implied volatility is always positive, provided b < 2SO. For unrealistically large skews, the parameterization in **Equation** (33) leads to arbitrage violation, anyway.

It is useful to see how this parameterization of the skew looks as a function of strike. The skew by delta in **Equation** (33) and the same skew as a function of strike are displayed in Exhibit 7.

Appendix B presents a detailed derivation of an approximate **formula** for the fair variance of the contract with time to expiration T:

Kvar S20(1...

...the results for fair variance, computed numerically, with the approximate values given by the analytic **formula** in **Equation** (34). The analytic **formula** works very well for the three-month variance swap, and truly impressively for the one...that are polynomials in delta or in strike. Demeterfi et al. 1999 explicitly derive a **formula** analogous to **Equation** (34) for the skew linear in strike.

VII. PRACTICAL PROBLEMS WITH REPLICATION

Equation (23) shows that a variance swap is theoretically equivalent to a dynamically adjusted, constant-dollar...

...the strikes are uniformly spaced, one point apart. (The fair variance is calculated according to **Equation** (29), except that the integrals are replaced by sums over the available option strikes whose...

...at the right rate. Second, even with perfect replication, a discontinuous stock price jump causes **Equation** (23) to capture an amount not equal to the true realized variance.

In reality, both...The impact of the jump on the quantity captured by our variance replication strategy in **Equation** (37) is 2 / T(Si / Si-1 - log Si / Si-1)jump = 2 / T - J...

...be regarded as part of a continuous stock evolution process, the right-hand side of **Equation** (40) does reduce to the contribution of this (now small) move to the true realized...

...on the strategy for a range of jump values. Note that the cubic approximation of **Equation** (43) correctly predicts the sign of the P&L for all values of the jump...

...of \$1 per squared variance point, which is hedged with the variance replication strategy of **Equation** (37) for T = 1 year.

THE EFFECT OF JUMPS WHEN REPLICATING WITH A FINITE STRIKEVIII. FROM VARIANCE TO **VOLATILITY CONTRACTS**There is no simple replication strategy for synthesizing a **volatility swap**; it is variance that emerges naturally from hedged options trading. The replication strategy for the...

...the total variance over the life of the log contract.

The replication strategy for a **volatility swap** is fundamentally different; it is affected by changes in volatility, and its value depends on...

...point of view, variance is the primary underlier, and all other volatility payoffs, such as **volatility** swaps, are best regarded as

derivative securities on the variance as underlier. From this perspective, volatility...

...and hedge.

To illustrate the issues involved, let's consider a naive strategy. Approximate a **volatility swap** by statically holding a suitably chosen variance contract. In order to approximate a **volatility swap** struck at Kvol, which has payoff sR - Kvol, we can use the approximation

sR - Kvol...

...K2vol) (44)

This means that 1/(2Kvol) variance contracts with strike K2vol can approximate a **volatility swap** with a notional \$1/(vol point), for realized volatilities near Kvol. With this choice, the...

...would also imply that the fair price of future volatility (the strike for which the **volatility** swap has zero value) is simply the square root of fair variance Kvar:

Kvol = [square root]Kvar (naive estimate) (45)

In Exhibit 14 we compare the two sides of **Equation** (44) for Kvol = 30[percent] for different values of the realized volatility. The actual **volatility** swap and the approximating variance swap differ appreciably only when the future realized volatility moves away from Kvol; you cannot fit a line everywhere with a parabola.

The naive estimate of **Equations** (44) and (45) is not quite correct. With this choice, the variance swap payoff is always greater than the **volatility** swap payoff. The mismatch between the variance and **volatility** swap payoffs in **Equation** (44) is the

Convexity bias = 1 / 2Kvol(sR - Kvol)2
This square is always positive...

...this choice of the fair delivery price for volatility, the variance swap always outperforms the **volatility** swap. To avoid this arbitrage, we should correct our naive estimate to make the fair strike for the **volatility** contract lower than the square root of the fair strike for a variance contract, so that...

...to estimate the size of the convexity bias, and therefore the fair strike for the **volatility swap**, it is necessary to make an assumption about both the level and the volatility of...

... normally distributed.

In principle, some of the risks inherent in the static approximation of a volatility swap by a variance swap could be reduced by dynamically trading new variance contracts throughout the life of the volatility swap. This dynamic replication of a volatility swap by means of variance swaps would (in principle) produce the payoff of a volatility swap independent of the moves in future volatility.

This is closely analogous to replicating a curved...

...ratio depends on the assumed future volatility of the stock, the dynamic replication of a **volatility swap** requires a model for the volatility of volatility. Taking the analogy further, one could imagine... ...there is a liquid market in variance swaps, these models may be useful in hedging **volatility swaps** and other variance derivatives.

IX. CONCLUSIONS AND FUTURE INNOVATIONS We have tried to present a...

...analytic approximations that work well for the swap value under commonly used skew parameterizations. These **formulas** enable traders to update

price quotes quickly as the market skew changes.

There are at...

...two areas where further development is warranted. First, our ability to effectively price and hedge **volatility** swaps is still limited. To fully implement a replication strategy for **volatility** swaps, we need a consistent stochastic volatility model for options. Much work remains to be done in this area.

Second, some market participants prefer to enter a capped variance swap or volatility swap that limits the possible loss on the position. The capped variance swap has embedded in it an option on realized variance. The development of a truly liquid market in volatility swaps, forwards, or futures would lead to the possibility ...Richard Sussman, and Nicholas Warren, and several clients, for many discussions and insightful questions about volatility swaps; and Barbara Dunn for editorial assistance.

EXHIBIT 5 Portfolio of European-Style Put and Call...

...Total Cost 419.8671

EXHIBIT 8 Comparison of Fair Variance Computed Numerically with Approximate Analytic Formula

EXHIBIT 10 Effect of Strike Range on Estimated

Wide Narrow Strike Range Strike Range

Expiration...

...function of strike.

EXHIBIT 9 Comparison of Exact Value of Fair Variance with Approximate Analytic Formula as Function of Skew Slope b The thin line with squares shows the exact values obtained by replicating the log payoff. The thick line depicts the approximate value given by Equation (34). (a) Three-month variance swap. (b) One-year variance swap.

EXHIBIT 11 Comparison of...

...Swap and a Long Position in the Variance Replication Strategy
EXHIBIT 14 Payoff of a Volatility Swap (straight line) and
Variance Swap (curved line) as a Function of Realized Volatility
EXHIBIT 15...Derman, M. Kamal, and J.Z. Zou. "More Than You Ever
Wanted to Know About Volatility Swaps." Goldman, Sachs & Co., March
1999.

Derman, E., M. Kamal, I. Kani, J. McClure, C. Pirasteh...

...0, which implies that

2r + K [differential]r / [differential]K = 0
The solution to this equation is

r = const / K2 (A-3)

LOG PAYOFF REPLICATION WITH A DISCRETE SET OF OPTIONS...

...wp(Ki,p) (A-8)

APPENDIX B SKEW LINEAR IN DELTA
Here, we derive a **formula** that gives the approximate value of the
variance swap when implied volatility varies linearly with...the fair
variance in the "flat world" where volatility is constant and is given by **Equation** (B-2) with S(b) replaced by S0.

The derivatives that enter **Equation** (B-4) are given by: [differential]P / [differential]b[single bond]b=0 = [differential]P...

...B-5)

The derivatives with respect to volatility are easily calculated using the Black-Scholes formula:

[differential]P / [differential]S[single bond]S0 = [differential]C /
[differential]S[single bond]S0 = S...

...differences with the previous detailed calculations. We start with the same fundamental expression as in **Equation** (B-2):

Kvar = 2 / T(rT - (S0 / S*erT - 1) - logS* / S0 + erT [integral]S...Then we use different implied volatility parameterizations for put and call options, as given by **Equation** (B-11). Note that we should choose S* so that

S* = SFe-S20T/2

This ensures that we use the put (call) parameterization in **Equation** (B-11) for strikes below (above) S^* . We expand put option prices in powers of...

...12)

Obviously, for bp = bc, this reduces to the result for single slope given in **Equation** (B-10). Note that by changing the sign of bc we turn the implied skew into a smile.

APPENDIX C STATIC AND DYNAMIC REPLICATION OF A **VOLATILITY SWAP**We have argued that **volatility swaps** are fundamentally different from variance swaps and that, unlike the variance swap, there is no simple replicating strategy to create a **volatility swap** synthetically. We show that attempting to create a **volatility swap** from a variance swap by means of a buy-and-hold strategy invariably leads to...

...the strike and notional size of a variance contract to match the payoff of a **volatility contract**, on average, as closely as possible. The extent of the replication mismatch will depend on...

...choose a and b to minimize the expected squared deviation of the two sides of Equation (C-1):

min E (ST - aS2T - b)2 (C-2)

Differentiation leads to two **equations** for the coefficients a and b: E ST = aE S2T + b

E S3T = aE S4T...

...ST) 1 - corr(ST, S2T) 2 (C-5)

For realized volatilities distributed normally as in $\mbox{ Equation } (C-4)$, the hedging coefficients are

a = 1 / 2S + s2S / S

b = S / 2 + s2S...

4/3,K/7 (Item 2 from file: 553)

DIALOG(R) File 553: Wilson Bus. Abs. FullText (c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co. All rts. reserv.

04066587 H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BWBA99066587 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Value at risk for derivatives.

El-Jahel, Lina

Perraudin, William; Sellin, Peter

Journal of Derivatives v. 6 no3 (Spring 1999) p. 7-26

LANGUAGE: English WORD COUNT: 8912

(USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

TEXT:

... ht St / ht [differential]h(St, t) / [differential]S St+ - St / St (2)

Starting from **Equation** (2), the delta method consists of supposing that:

ht+ - ht / ht approx N(0, s2...

...differential]h(St, t) / [differential]S St / h(St, t) s (3).

The variance in **Equation** (3) is, of course, the square of the instantaneous volatility of ht obtained by applying...

...the corresponding changes in the value of a European call using the usual Black-Scholes **formula**. We take the VaR to be the loss on a portfolio consisting of one unit...

...volatility substitutes to some degree for being in the money, in that VaRs for low- volatility contracts are again substantially biased.

The simple intuitive explanation for the bias may be appreciated by...

...the log security price, xt [triple bond] log(St), and then use a Fourier inversion formula to obtain the conditional density of xT, given observations of xt and vt for t...

 \dots 1 invested in a call, assuming that St and vt follow the processes given in **Equations** (4) and (5).

For the baseline volatility case with different maturities shown in Exhibit 3...vector process reasonably easily. The characteristic function may be obtained by solving a partial differential **equation**. Only when the correlation structure follows these assumptions is it reasonably straightforward to modify Heston's approach and solve the corresponding partial differential **equation**.

It is worth emphasizing that ...N-vectors of dummy variables, and $i = [square\ root]-1$. Note that f defined in **Equation** (13) is the joint characteristic function of xT and vT, and hence differs from the characteristic function of xT alone employed in the call pricing and defined after **Equation** (6).

Since f is a conditional expectation, it is a martingale and has a zero drift. Applying Ito's lemma and setting the drift term to zero yields:

{ Formula omitted} subject to the boundary condition:

 $f(x, v, T; f) = \exp if'xX + if'vv$ (15)

As we show in Appendix A, solving the partial differential **Equation** (14) subject to the boundary condition in (15), one obtains a proposition as follows.

PROPOSITION...are quite similar.

Densities from the Pearson family are solutions, W(z), to the differential $\mbox{\bf equation}$:

dW(z) / dz = (z - b)W(z) / (b0 + b1z + b2z2) (29) for constant parameters, b...

...are consistently lower than the exact Monte Carlo VaR based on the true option pricing **formula**. This reflects the fact that the third derivative of the option price is positive in...covariance parameters for a vector of security price processes whose elements resemble the process in **Equation**

7 If the true call price were really a quadratic function of the underlying...

```
...T.C. "Plugging the Gap." Risk, 7 (1994), pp. 74-80.
     APPENDIX A SOLUTION OF EQUATION (14)
To solve Equation (14), guess a solution of the form:
     f(x, v, t; f) = \exp C(t...
...DN(t) ' is an N X 1 valued function.
     Taking derivatives, substituting in the differential equation and
cancelling terms yields:
     { Formula omitted}
     Equating coefficients on like terms (i.e., on constants and v1, v2,
..., vN) yields a system of equations :
     -1/2{Graphic character omitted}{Graphic character omitted}fxjfxksjnskn
+ {Graphic character omitted}ifxjsnjHnrnDn(t) + 1...Dn / [differential]t +
a2na0nDn = 0 (A-9)
     Let lln, l2n be the roots of the equation
     12 + a1n1 + a2na0n = 0 (A-10)
     The general solution of the equation is then:
     Dn(t) = Aln exp - lln(T - t) + A2n exp - l2n(T - t) (A...
...and assuming Aln [not equal] 0 to obtain the solution for Dn(t) given in
Equation (17). The boundary condition Dn(T) = ifvn then implies that An
is given as in Equation (19). Integrating the differential equation in
C(t) yields the expression for Cn(t) that appears in Equation (18). Note that here we have imposed the boundary condition C(T) = 0 to determine...
...structure permits a very simple recursive estimation strategy. The model
may be discretized to yield:
     { Formula omitted}
{ Formula omitted}
     The unconditional variance of eS equals
     Var eS = SGS'
     where
     Var [square root] vW...
 4/3,K/8
             (Item 3 from file: 553)
DIALOG(R) File 553: Wilson Bus. Abs. FullText
(c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co. All rts. reserv.
            H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BWBA98089192 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR
03839192
FULLTEXT)
Mini markets, big potential.
AUGMENTED TITLE: smaller accounts
Holter, James T
Futures (Cedar Falls, Iowa) (Futures (Cedar Falls)) v. 27 no8 (Aug. '98) p.
64-6
LANGUAGE:
            English
WORD COUNT: 2035
  (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)
TEXT:
        of Hendersonville, N.C.-based Futures Truth Co. "I've looked at a
bunch of formulas , and they really don't do a better job of measuring
liquidity than volume or...
```

...from a volatility concern. For this reason, you definitely want less volatile contracts."

Some low- volatility contracts are MidAm corn and soybeans, CME live cattle, CME Eurodollars and the Canadian dollar, CSCE...
...York Mercantile Exchange (Nymex) crude oil (relative to other energies) and MGE spring wheat. High volatility contracts small traders should avoid are the CME's Russian ruble and the full-sized S...

4/3,K/9 (Item 4 from file: 553)

DIALOG(R) File 553: Wilson Bus. Abs. FullText (c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co. All rts. reserv.

03532485 H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BWBA97032485 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Leveling the playing field.

AUGMENTED TITLE: trading multiple markets

Etzkorn, Mark

Futures (Cedar Falls, Iowa) (Futures (Cedar Falls)) v. 26 (Mar. '97) p. 42-4

LANGUAGE: English WORD COUNT: 1754

(USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

TEXT:

... S&P contract, it is highly unlikely a corresponding winning phase in the smaller, lower **volatility** corn **contract** would have any significant impact on the drawdown. However, you can offset this apples-to ...trade risk was set at 5[percent] of a \$25,000 account per trade. The **formula** for determining the number of contracts to trade was: \$1,250/ATR (in dollars). While...

4/3,K/10 (Item 5 from file: 553)

DIALOG(R) File 553: Wilson Bus. Abs. FullText (c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co. All rts. reserv.

03340100 H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BWBA96090100 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Feeding frenzy: global appetite pushes grain prices higher.

Kharouf, Jim

Futures (Cedar Falls, Iowa) (Futures (Cedar Falls)) v. 25 (Nov. '96) p. 30-2+

LANGUAGE: English WORD COUNT: 2560

(USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

TEXT:

... competing for acreage."

Many analysts are looking at China as the wild card in the **equation** for all three grains. With soybeans, the country has moved in the last several years...check: Corn 1996 vs. 1995

Higher prices and low carryovers in corn led to more **volatility** and **contracts** traded in 1996. Wheat and soybeans showed similar volume gains.

TECH TALK: CORN Bill Arndt...

(Item 6 from file: 553) 4/3, K/11DIALOG(R) File 553: Wilson Bus. Abs. FullText (c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co. All rts. reserv. H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BWBA96077104 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR 03327104 FULLTEXT) Nobody's perfect. AUGMENTED TITLE: series on system design and testing; part 9 Etzkorn, Mark Futures (Cedar Falls, Iowa) (Futures (Cedar Falls)) v. 25 (Sept. '96) p. 54-6+ LANGUAGE: English WORD COUNT: 3144 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) TEXT: of Trendstat Capital Management Inc., a CTA located in Scottsdale, Ariz.; Nelson Freeburg, editor of Formula Research in Memphis, Tenn., a noted system design and evaluation newsletter, and Louis Lukac, partner... balance your overall risk profile. The goal, Lukac says, is essentially to equalize the relative volatility between contracts . One way to approach it is to balance the dollar value of the margins in... ...our trading efforts. We'll also consider the most unpredictable variable in the system-trading equation : the trader. Added material Dynamic breakout system (DBS) as of 7-26-96 Trade size... (Item 1 from file: 636) 4/3, K/12DIALOG(R) File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) (c) 2004 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. Supplier Number: 99851835 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) 05547659 A primer on using the inflation market. (Learning Curve). Hove, Xavier Van Derivatives Week, v12, n14, p8(2) April 7, 2003 Language: English Record Type: Fulltext Document Type: Newsletter; Trade 1527 Word Count: S. Treasuries or TIPS returns * Equity volatility (much greater than) U.S. Treasury volatility > TIPS volatility Inflation Swaps Inflation investing and hedging is facilitated by the development of an inflation swap market. ...and sector risk. For example, recently, the most popular notes have had the following coupon formula: (C.sub.i) = ((I.sub.i)/(...4/3,K/13 (Item 2 from file: 636) DIALOG(R) File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) (c) 2004 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

Supplier Number: 82878498 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

05198834

Single stock variance swaps. (Learning Curve(R)).

Derivatives Week, v11, n6, p8(2)

Feb 11, 2002

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newsletter; Trade

Word Count: 891

(USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

TEXT:

...adjusted through the life of the option. While the BlackScholes framework provides a straight forward formula with regard to initiating (delta) and adjusting (gamma) the stock hedge, the process of realizing... variance swap is a new product that provides direct long or short access to realized volatility. The swap may be a useful alternative for traders who are currently using delta-neutral option strategies...

4/3,K/14 (Item 3 from file: 636)

DIALOG(R) File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)

(c) 2004 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

04839732 Supplier Number: 66930613 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) LEARNING CURVE (R) VARIANCE SWAP VOLATILITY AND OPTION STRATEGIES.

Derivatives Week, v9, n44, p7

Oct 30, 2000

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newsletter; Trade

Word Count: 1257

... variance above ((sigma).sup.2)=5.29% (where the variance is computed using the above **formula**) and A agrees to pay B USD100,000 per variance point below this value. In...contract. This is the definition of the variance swap volatility. We will next derive a **formula** for computing it.

VARIANCE SWAPS AND LOG-CONTRACTS

A key observation, separately noted by Neuberger...

i+1)-(S.sub.i)/(S.sub.i)).sup.2)

Summing both sides of this **equation** over the total number of days in the contract, and rearranging terms, we obtain

(((sigma...delta at the close of each trading day, assuming that funding costs are zero. $\label{eq:close}$

A FORMULA FOR THE VSV

To price the log-contract, we approximate the payoff with a function ...the prices of European puts and calls with strike K expiring in T years. This formula can be interepreted as an arbitrage relationship between the implied volatilities of traded options and...example, liquid contracts trading at levels deeply below VSV should be attractive for buyers of volatility, while contracts trading above the VSV should be viewed as expensive from this perspective.

As a general...

4/3,K/15 (Item 1 from file: 654)

DIALOG(R) File 654:US Pat. Full.

(c) Format only 2004 The Dialog Corp. All rts. reserv.

0005480257 **IMAGE Available Derwent Accession: 2004-089894

Replicated derivatives having demand-based, adjustable returns, and trading exchange therefor

Inventor: Lange, Jeffrey, INV Baron, Kenneth, INV

Walden, Charles, INV Harte, Marcus, INV

Correspondence Address: KENYON & KENYON, ONE BROADWAY, NEW YORK, NY, 10004,

	Publication			A	oplication	Filing
	Number	Kind	Date		Number	Date
Main Patent	US 20030236738	A1	20031225	US	2003365033	20030211
CIP	PENDING			US	2002115505	20020402
CIP	PENDING			US	2001950498	20010910
CIP	PENDING			US	2001809025	20010316
CIP	US 6627525			US	2001774816	20010131
CIP	US 6321212			US	99448822	19991124
Provisional				US	60-144890	19990721

Fulltext Word Count: 172626

Summary of the Invention:

- ...the derivatives market which first allowed the well-known Black-Scholes pricing model to be formulated by noting that a derivative such as an option could be paired with an exactly...further preferred embodiment, the allocating step includes the step of solving a set of simultaneous equations that relate traded amounts to unit payouts and payout distributions; and the calculating step and...
- ...preferred embodiments, the step of fixed point iteration includes the steps of (a) selecting an equation of the set of simultaneous equations described above, the equation having an independent variable and at least one dependent variable; (b) assigning arbitrary values to each of the dependent variables in the selected equation ; (c) calculating the value of the independent variable in the selected equation responsive to the currently assigned values of each the dependent variables; (d) assigning the calculated value of the independent variable to the independent variable; (e) designating an equation of the set of simultaneous equations as the selected equation ; and (f) sequentially performing the calculating the value step, the assigning the calculated value step, and the designating an equation step until the value of each of the variables converges...

Description of the Invention:

...mathematical formula - see patent image...mathematical formula see patent image...mathematical formula - see patent image... mathematical formula - see patent image...matrix. CDRF 2 typically involves the use of numerical methods to solve m simultaneous quadratic equations . For example, consider a trader who would like to know what amount, [small alpha, Greek...forward" expression to compute payouts from traded amounts as in CDRF above yields the following equation:

(...

- ...mathematical formula see patent image...
- ...0258] This represents a given row and column of the matrix equation CDRF after [small alpha, Greek] has been traded for state i (assuming no transaction fee...

- ...mathematical **formula** see patent imagemathematical **formula** see patent image...
- ...mathematical **formula** see patent image...mathematical **formula** see patent image...mathematical **formula** see patent image...mathematical **formula** see patent image...
- ...mathematical formula see patent image...mathematical formula see patent image...mathematical formula see patent image...mathematical formula see patent image ...mathematical formula see patent image ...mathematical formula see patent image...mathematical formula see patent image...mathematical formula see patent image...

 mathematical formula see patent image...mathematical formula see patent image...
- ...mathematical formula see patent image...mathematical formula see patent image...mathematical formula see patent image...mathematical formula see patent image...mathematical formula see patent image ...0379] Asset Class 1 Volatility: 5mathematical formula see patent image...mathematical formula see patent image...mathematical formula see patent image...mathematical formula see patent image ...mathematical formula see patent image...mathematical formula see patent image...in the trading period) and (b) a vector containing the trader's desired payouts. The equation above shows that the amounts to be invested in order to produce a desired payout...0671] Portfolio managers and market-makers formulate market views based in part on their forecasts for future movements in central bank target...

?